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## ***Refusal of Care; Adult & Minor***

EMS personnel have an affirmative duty to provide care to any patient presenting to them after a report of an emergency situation.

If during an emergency medical situation, EMS personnel, based on clinical judgement, consider a patient to be incapable of making their own medical decisions, that patient may be considered incapable of competently objecting to treatment or transportation under the law. Religious beliefs that lead a patient to refusal of treatment or transport are the exception. EMSMCL 333.20969 states:

“If emergency medical services personnel, exercising professional judgment, determine that the individual’s condition makes the individual incapable of competently objecting to treatment or transportation, emergency medical services may provide treatment or transportation despite the individual’s objection unless the objection is expressly based on the individual’s religious beliefs.”

When EMS personnel, based on clinical judgement, consider a patient to be "capable," that patient may object to treatment and/or transport.

### **1. Definition**

- A. An individual who is capable to make medical decisions is:
  - a. One who is awake, oriented, and is capable of understanding the circumstances of the current situation. This includes risks, treatments, transport, and alternatives.
  - b. Does not appear to be under the influence of alcohol, drugs or other mind-altering substances or circumstances that may interfere with mental functioning.
  - c. Is not a clear danger to self or others.
  - d. Is 18 years of age or older, or an emancipated minor.
- B. “Emancipated Minor” is one who is married, is on active duty with the Armed Forces of the United States or has been granted emancipation by the court.
- C. A minor is any individual under the age of 18 and who is not emancipated.

### **2. Procedure for an individual who, in the clinical judgement of the EMS provider, is capable to object to treatment and/or transport.**

- A. All patients with signs or symptoms of illness or injury shall be offered assessment, medical treatment, and transport by EMS.
- B. Clearly explain the nature of the illness/injury and the need for emergency care or transportation.
- C. Explain possible complications that may develop without proper care or transportation.






- D. For individuals with signs or symptoms of serious or potentially fatal illness or injury, contact medical control prior to obtaining the patient signature and leaving the scene.


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- E. Request that the individual sign an EMS Refusal Form. If the individual refuses to sign the EMS Refusal Form, attempt to obtain signatures of witnesses (family, bystanders, public safety personnel).
  - F. Document assessment and complete approved EMS Refusal Form, including risks of refusal.
  - G. Inform the individual that if they change their mind and desire evaluation, treatment, and/or transport to a hospital, to re-contact the emergency medical services system or seek medical attention.
  - H. Inability to obtain a signature does not preclude completion of documentation of a refusal.
- 3. Procedure for the individual who, in the clinical judgement of the EMS provider, is not capable to object to treatment and/or transport.**
-  A. Contact medical control as soon as practical. and provide all pertinent findings that lead the EMS provider to believe, in their clinical judgement, the patient is not capable to object to treatment and/or transport.
  - B. For urgent/life-threatening illness or injury initiate treatment according to applicable protocol and transport for further evaluation and treatment
  - C. For non-urgent/non-life-threatening illness or injury transport for further evaluation and treatment after consultation with on-line medical control.
  - D. Seek police assistance if needed.
- 4. Procedure for the individual who, in the clinical judgement of the EMS provider, gains capability to object to transport after treatment has been initiated,**
-  A. Contact medical control in all cases when a patient (now refusing transport) has been given medications or other advanced treatment by EMS personnel (e.g., glucose, albuterol, naloxone, IV, etc.).
  - B. Such patients should be strongly encouraged to seek further evaluation and treatment.
  - C. Comply with Section 2 above and document treatment on a patient care record.
- 5. Procedure for the minor patient objecting to treatment and/or transport**
- A. Minor patients are unable to consent or refuse ~~consent~~ for medical care. Such permission can only be provided by the minor's parent or legal guardian.
  - B. Treatment and transport for potential life-threatening emergencies will not be delayed by attempts to contact the parent or guardian.
  -  C. In events when the minor's parent or legal guardian cannot be reached, Contact medical control .
- 6. Procedure for parent/guardian objecting to treatment and/or transport of the minor patient**
- A. All patients with signs or symptoms of illness or injury shall be offered assessment, medical treatment, and transport by EMS.
  - B. Clearly explain the nature of the illness/injury and the need for emergency care and/or transportation.

- C. Explain possible complications that may develop without proper care and/or transportation.
-  D. For individuals with signs or symptoms of illness or injury, contact medical control.
- E. Request that the parent/guardian sign an approved EMS Refusal Form. If the parent/guardian refuses to sign the EMS Refusal Form, attempt to obtain signatures of witnesses (family, bystanders, public safety personnel).
- F. Document assessment and complete an approved EMS Refusal Form.
- G. Inform the parent/guardian that if they change their mind and desire evaluation, treatment, and/or transport to a hospital, to re-contact the emergency medical services system or seek medical attention.

## 7. Documentation

- A. Document findings that support the clinical judgement of the EMS provider that the patient is capable or incapable to objecting to treatment and/or transport.

Note: A sample EMS Refusal Form has been included on a separate page.



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SAMPLE EMS REFUSAL FORM REFUSAL OF TREATMENT, TRANSPORT AND/OR EVALUATION

PLEASE READ COMPLETELY BEFORE SIGNING BELOW!

Because it is sometimes impossible to recognize actual or potential medical problems outside the hospital, we strongly encourage you to be evaluated, treated if necessary, and transported to a hospital by EMS personnel for more complete examination by a physician.

You have the right to choose to not be evaluated, treated or transported if you wish; however, there is the possibility that you could suffer serious complications or even death from conditions that are not apparent at this time.

By signing below, you are acknowledging that EMS personnel have advised you, and that you understand, the potential harm to your health that may result from your refusal of the recommended care; and, you release EMS and supporting personnel from liability resulting from refusal.

PLEASE CIRCLE THE FOLLOWING THAT APPLY:

I refuse: EVALUATION TREATMENT TRANSPORT

IF YOU CHANGE YOUR MIND AND DESIRE EVALUATION, TREATMENT, AND/OR TRANSPORT TO A HOSPITAL, YOU MAY RE-CONTACT THE EMS SYSTEM AT ANY TIME.

Patient's Printed Name Age DOB Phone # Patient's Address City State Zip Signature Relationship, if applicable Witness Signature Witness Printed Name Date and Time

BP Pulse Resp. Skin Pupils LOC

- 1. Oriented to person, place, and time? D Yes D No
2. Coherent speech? D Yes D No
3. Auditory and/or visual hallucinations? D Yes D No
4. Suicidal or homicidal? D Yes D No
5. Able to repeat understanding of their condition and consequences of treatment refusal? D Yes D No
6. Narrative: describe reasonable alternatives to treatment that were offered; the circumstances of the call; specific consequences of refusal; and, names of family or witnesses present:

Blank lines for narrative response

EMS Agency Name Printed Crew Names Signature of EMS Provider